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ESTABLISHED 1898

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR

LEE'S
SEEDS

SPRING 1943

45 YEARS OF DEPENDABLE SEED SERVICE

ARTHUR G. LEE

SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST

Fort Smith, Arkansas

1898

LEE'S SEEDS

1943

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR OF SEED SERVICE

January 1st, 1943

PLACE YOUR ORDER WITH YOUR LEE DEALER, WHO WILL SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS OR WILL OBTAIN QUICKLY ANY VARIETIES LISTED IN THIS CATALOGUE. IF THIS SERVICE IS NOT AVAILABLE, SEND YOUR ORDERS DIRECT TO ME, AND THEY WILL RECEIVE MY VERY PROMPT ATTENTION.

If you are a market gardener and use garden seeds in quantity lots write for our Market Gardener's price list.

—LEE'S DOLLAR COLLECTION \$1.00 POSTPAID—

1 Pkt. Beans, Stringless Green Pod.....\$.10	1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod..... .05
1 Pkt. Beans, Kentucky Wonder..... .10	1 Oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White Tip .10
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam..... .10	1 Oz. Radish, Long White Icicle..... .10
1 Pkt. Peas, Alaska Extra Early..... .10	1 Pkt. Tomato, Marglobe..... .10
1 Pkt. Beets, Early Blood Turnip..... .10	1 Pkt. Pepper, California Wonder..... .10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield..... .10	1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop..... .05
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield .05	1 Pkt. Carrots, Danvers Half Long..... .05
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia..... .05	1 Pkt. Watermelon, Tom Watson..... .05
1 Oz. Mustard, Giant Curled..... .10	1 Oz. Turnip, Purple Top Globe..... .10
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green..... .05	
1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head)..... .05	
	\$1.60

For \$1.00 I will send you, postpaid, this collection, which contains 20 varieties of seeds. No change will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

SEED TESTING SERVICE

All seeds we sell are carefully tested in our seed laboratory and to all orders for field seeds is attached an analysis tag giving germination, purity, etc., which tests are verified from time to time by the State Seed Inspection Service. Thus you have full information as to quality of seeds you are buying.

FREE DELIVERY BY MAIL

WE PAY POSTAGE TO ANY POSTOFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES ON ALL VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS, BULBS, ETC., PRICED IN THIS LIST, EXCEPTING WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED

PRICES. All prices in this catalogue subject to change without notice.

C. O. D. SHIPMENTS. Shipping C. O. D. only adds to the cost, as the buyer pays the expense of collection. If you prefer shipment C. O. D. remit with your order one-half the amount of the bill. Under no circumstances will we ship plants and other perishable goods C. O. D.

ARTHUR G. LEE gives no warranty, express or implied, as to the description, purity, quality, productiveness, or any other matter, of any seeds, bulbs or plants he sends out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST

Please forward the following as per terms of your Descriptive Catalog to

Name _____ Date _____ 194_____

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AMOUNT { Money Order \$..... Stamps \$..... } Total
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If out of the variety ordered do I have your permission to substitute equal or better in the nearest I can supply? _____

If goods are wanted C.O.D. 50% of the amount must accompany the order

[illegible]

Amount Carried Forward

I DELIVER FREE BY PARCEL POST ALL SEEDS, BULBS, ROOTS, PLANTS, ETC., LISTED IN MY CATALOG, EXCEPT THOSE THAT ARE LISTED AS "NOT PREPAID." WHERE THEY ARE LISTED AS "NOT PREPAID," THE CUSTOMER IS TO PAY THE POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

When planting roots for the permanent bed the soil should be worked to a depth of 16 or 18 inches and a liberal dressing of stable manure or peat moss and a good fertilizer applied. Make trenches about 4 inches deep and 6 inches wide and place the roots crown up, about 2 feet apart. Leave the roots at least 4 feet apart.

MARY WASHINGTON (2-year). 12 for 35c; 25 for 60c; 50 for \$1.10; 100 for \$2.00. Postpaid.

MARY WASHINGTON. A strain selected from the Martha Washington, but earlier.

For Prices Refer to Green List Enclosed.



Landreth's Stringless Green Pod

BUSH BEANS, GREEN PODDED

Two pounds to 100 feet of drill; 40 to 60 pounds per acre.

LANDRETH'S STRINGLESS (54 days). A new round podded bean developed from the Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. The vine is more erect, with a darker foliage, a longer, slimmer pod, and the vines stay green longer than the old type. Pods 6 to 8 inches, do not turn yellow. Slightly curved, meaty, absolutely stringless and free from fibers. Probably the most disease-resistant and productive bean on the market.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS (53 days). Pods $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, almost $\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide and equally thick. Fine grained and tender.

GIANT STRINGLESS (53 days). Pods 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long; round, very fleshy; desirable for canning and shipping.

TENDERGREEN (52 days). A main crop variety. Plants large, erect, productive. Pods round, fleshy, stringless and of fine quality. Much in demand as a shipping bean.

TENNESSEE GREEN POD (54 days). Pods 6 to 7 inches long; flat; slightly stringy. Habits similar to Kentucky Wonder, but dwarf. Fine flavor.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.

FULL MEASURE (52 days). A round-podded, stringless variety, with very fleshy straight pods. Popular in some sections with bean growers on account of its high yields and long picking season under favorable conditions.

STRINGLESS BLACK VALENTINE (53 days). A recent improvement over the old Black Valentine. Very early, stringless—Pods round and green. Heavy yielder.

DWARF YELLOW POD

GOLDEN WAX (48 days). Pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. long; oval, fleshy, brittle, stringless.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX (52 days). Pods $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in. long; stringless, brittle.

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX STRINGLESS (52 Days). Height of vine 15 to 18 inches, beans large white, kidney shaped. Length of pod 6 to 7 inches. Pods showy, long, flat, almost straight, absolutely stringless, light yellow in color, productive.

BUSH LIMA

HENDERSON'S BUSH (65 days). The most popular of bush varieties. Seeds small and white.

JACKSON WONDER. Seeds brown. Popular in the South.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA (75 days). Beans white and large.

POLE LIMA

SMALL WHITE LIMA (Carolina or Sieva) (78 days). Beans white, similar in size and quality to the Henderson's Bush Lima.

FLORIDA POLE LIMA (78 days). Popular in the South. Seed cream colored, speckled reddish brown.

LARGE WHITE LIMA (88 days). One of the best of the large Limas.

POLE GREEN PODDED

Sow 1 lb. to 100 feet drill; 30 lbs. per acre.

KENTUCKY WONDER (65 days). Pods 8 to 9 in. long, nearly round. Best known and most popular of all pole beans.

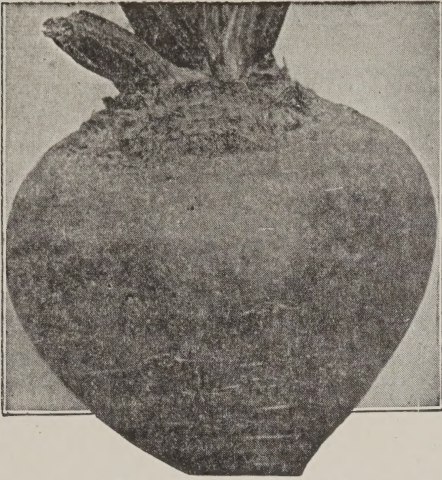
McCASLIN POLE (70 days). Pods 8 in., slightly flattened. Similar to Kentucky Wonder, but seeds are white. Excellent for snap and for dry shell use.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX (67 days). Pods waxy, fleshy and tender. Has a distinct flavor of its own. Very popular.

CUT SHORT or CORN HILL (75 days). One of the most popular corn field beans.

WHITE CREASEBACK (63 days). A corn field bean for snaps. Seeds white.

STRIPED CREASEBACK (72 days). A corn field bean for snaps. Excellent quality



Beet, Detroit Dark Red

BEETS

Sow one ounce to 100 feet of drill;
6 to 8 pounds per acre.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN (50 to 55 days). Roots flattened globe shape. Dark red; medium size. One of the best early varieties. Fine for bunching.

DETROIT DARK RED (52 to 55 days). The most popular and probably the best of the main crop beet. Form, oval. Flesh, dark blood red. Skin, smooth, with small tap roots. Extensively used by canners because of its good red color. A favorite beet with market gardeners.

EARLY WONDER (45 to 50 days). A variety which has gained wide popularity among market gardeners. It is of the blood turnip type. Uniform in size, flat to globe shaped, bright red skin, vermilion red flesh with distinct zones of lighter red. A good shipper.

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP (60 days). Roots nearly round or slightly flattened.

SWISS CHARD. Stalks pure white and thick as rhubarb. Foliage yellowish green and crumpled like Bloomsdale Spinach or Savoy Cabbage. Very choice. The tops cook like spinach and the stems like Celery. Cultivation same as Beets.

STOCK BEETS

CULTURE: Seed should be 1 inch apart in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and covered to a depth of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Thin to 10 inches when about 3 inches high. It requires 8 lbs. of Mangel Beets to plant an acre. Stock Beets are a valuable food used in conjunction with other feeds for milk cows, hogs, poultry.

STOCK BEETS - Continued next column.

GIANT HALF SUGAR ROSE. A distinct type of Sugar Beet producing roots of giant size, long oval tapering smooth. Grows half out of the ground. Flesh is white with high sugar content, consequently is high in food value.

MAMMOTH LONG RED. These Beets, on good soil, sometimes grow 18 inches long. Dark leaves; flesh white tinged with rose. An excellent keeper; nutritious and milk producing.

BORECOLE or KALE

One-half ounce for 100 feet of row;
4 pounds per acre.

SIBERIAN—CURLED. A most vigorous and spreading variety. Leaves large and rather plain in the center cut and frilled at edge. Color is bluish green.

BROCCOLI

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING. Cultivated like cabbage, it bears a succession of sprouting heads.

CAULIFLOWER

EARLY SNOWBALL (54 days). Heads very early; compact and white.

COLLARDS

One-fourth ounce to 100 feet of row.

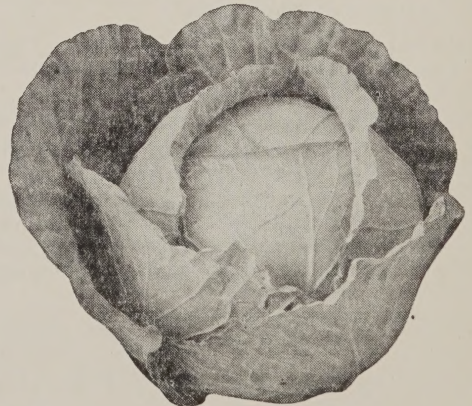
TRUE GEORGIA (80 days). Grows 2 or 3 feet high. A standard sort.

CELERY

WHITE PLUME. The earliest and most easily blanched celery known.

CABBAGE

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants; four ounces will transplant an acre.



Charleston Wakefield

(Cabbage continued on page 7).

CABBAGE (Cont'd)

CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD (75 days). About one week later than Early Jersey Wakefield, but heads are half-round and larger and broader. This variety is extremely popular with market gardeners and growers owing to its earliness and its size.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD (65 days). Head cone shaped; very solid. Dwarf, compact, with a few outer leaves, which permits close planting; heads weigh 2 to 3 lbs. each.

COPENHAGEN MARKET (70 to 75 days). An early, large, dependable, round-headed variety. Nearly as early as Charleston Wakefield and about a week later than Golden Acre. Tightly folded and short stemmed. One of the most desirable of the round-headed varieties.

GOLDEN ACRE (65 days). An extra early selection of the Copenhagen type. Heads of medium size, round, hard and solid. Has all the wonderful characteristics of the popular Copenhagen Market Cabbage, but the heads are smaller and mature 9 days earlier.

EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH (85 days). An excellent second early variety with large solid flat heads. Popular variety following the Wakefields for the home garden.

ALL HEAD EARLY (77 days). A short-stemmed variety, with large, solid heads. An old variety of great merit, much in demand by Southern growers on account of its resistance to disease.

ALL SEASONS (85 to 90 days). Heads large, round. A favorite for making kraut.

CABBAGE YELLOWS RESISTANT

Recommended where infested "Cabbage Yellows" soil had prevented non-resistant varieties from producing a crop.

DETROIT (Golden Acre). (64 days). The earliest of the round-headed yellows-resistant cabbages. Heads are medium sized, weigh 4 to 5 lbs. Plants are short stemmed, erect, with few outer leaves.

RACINE MARKET (60 days). (Early Copenhagen Market). Heads are early, solid, and uniform. An excellent short-stemmed variety for shipping.

MARION MARKET (Copenhagen Market). (70 days). Resembles Copenhagen Market but matures about 10 days later and makes a much larger plant. The heads are almost round and very solid, weighing 5 to 6 lbs.

CHINESE OR CELERY CABBAGE

Healthful and tasty either cooked or raw. Can be served like lettuce, or it makes a delicious cole slaw. Boiled more palatable than ordinary cabbage.

WONG BOK. Short, broad, tightly folded; well blanched: heads 8 to 10 inches high.

CUCUMBER

One ounce to 50 hills; 2 pounds per acre.



Early Fortune Cucumber

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER (55 days). Fruit short, chunky, and small and borne in clusters.

SHORT GREEN (56 days). Seven inches, medium in size and earliness. Good for pickling and slicing.

NATIONAL PICKLE (55 days). Black Spine, size 7x3 inches. Weight 1½ lbs. A recent introduction of early pickling type developed for the National Pickle Packers Association. Early, productive and uniform strain. The small pickles are rather short and thick, while the larger sizes are smooth and cylindrical with well rounded ends.

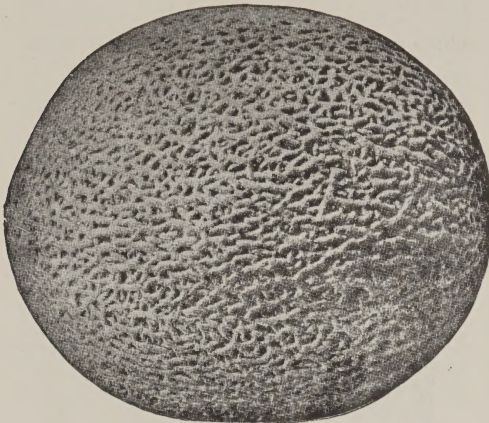
EARLY FORTUNE (64 days). Eight to 9 inches. Early, very productive, and disease-resistant. Flesh white; color rich, dark green. Retains its deep green color longer than most sorts. Recognized as being one of the best for shipping.

LONG GREEN—IMPROVED (70 days.)— Twelve to 14 inches. A standard late, well known table sort. Color dark green.

A. AND C. (60 days). A new introduction. Spines white; vines healthy, robust and resistant to disease, producing cucumbers about 10 inches long, not quite so large in diameter as Early Fortune. Will retain their greenness longer than most any other variety. We recommend this new cucumber as one of great merit.

THE COLORADO (60 days). 12 inches, White spined. A beautiful long, slender, dark green cucumber. Popular because of its excellent shape and intense color which is maintained longer than most varieties. Very productive and resistant to disease.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.



Hale's Best Cantaloupe

CANTALOUPE

One ounce to 100 hills; 2 pounds per acre.

ROCKY FORD Green Fleshed (90 days). A small green fleshed melon of the oval type weighing about 2 pounds. Probably one of the most widely known and extensively grown in its class.

POLLOCK 10-25. Salmon tint. Similar to Rocky Ford other than color of the meat.

HALE'S BEST NO. 36. Salmon flesh. This is the smallest of the Hale's Best strains, absolutely uniform, solid net and with a remarkably thick flesh. These pack out uniformly 36 to a crate. They are earlier than any of the other Hale's Bests, more prolific, that is more melons produced per acre. This melon has a very definite field in the cantaloupe picture. Its extreme earliness and heavy crops are among its best assets.

HALE'S BEST NO. 936. Salmon flesh. This is the next size larger Hale's Best than the No. 36. It runs just a bit irregular, shows a little ribbing and, while reasonably well netted, yet is used in some directions as the Jumbo Hale's Best. For production within trucking distance or moderate distance carlot shipping it works out quite satisfactorily.

HALE'S IMPERIAL No. 45 (86 days). Flesh deep salmon. Mildew resistant. An early variety developed for shipping trade. A true Hale's Best and recommended to plant where mildew is prevalent. Seed cannot be jarred loose, remains edible and really is better 10 days after picking. Must be picked full slip or dead ripe. Being picked full ripe it has a delicious flavor and is the best long-distance shipper, holding up after reaching market much longer than other sorts.

For Prices Refer to Green List Enclosed.

PRIDE OF WISCONSIN (90 days). Bright salmon. Size 6 x 6½ inches. A new introduction. Rind very hard, pearly gray color. Heavily covered with distinctive netting. Ripens to a yellowish shade. Flesh thick and excellent flavor. Recommended when a larger cantaloupe than the Rocky Ford is preferred.

LARGE HACKENSACK. Green fleshed. Large, round, but flattened on the ends.

BANANA (94 days). A long melon. Growing about 20 inches. Lemon colored skin when matured. Salmon colored flesh. Strictly a home melon.

SWEET CORN

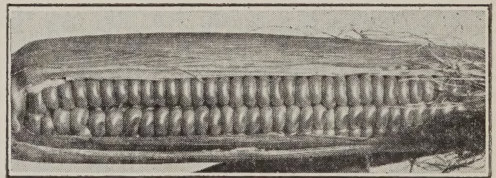
¼ lb. to 100 feet, 15 lbs. per acre.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN (95 days). A standard late variety, very valuable for canning and much grown for market. Kernels very deep; ears 8 inches long. White, sweet and tender.

COUNTRY GENTLEMEN (Shoe Peg) (95 days). Regarded by many as the sweetest of all sweet corn. Ears 7 to 8 inches long; cob small, covered with slender white grains without row formation.

GOLDEN BANTAM (80 days). Early, golden in color, and of highest quality. Ears 6 to 7 inches long; 8 rowed. An ideal sort for the home garden.

GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM (88 days). This hybrid is one of the best and most prolific of the yellow sweet corns, bred for wilt resistance, high yield and quality. Ears 8 to 10 inches long and yielding about 40 per cent more marketable ears than Golden Bantam.



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

EARLY ADAMS (60 days). Not a sugar corn, but grown extensively for table use. Can be planted earlier than sugar corn, which makes it a valuable first crop sort. Produces ears 7 to 8 inches long. Fairly sweet and tender.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE (65 to 70 days). Although not a sugar corn it makes the finest roasting ears. No early garden corn is so extensively grown. Attractive ears 9 to 11 inches long, with tender, sweet grains. Ready for table or market in about 65 days.

CARROTS

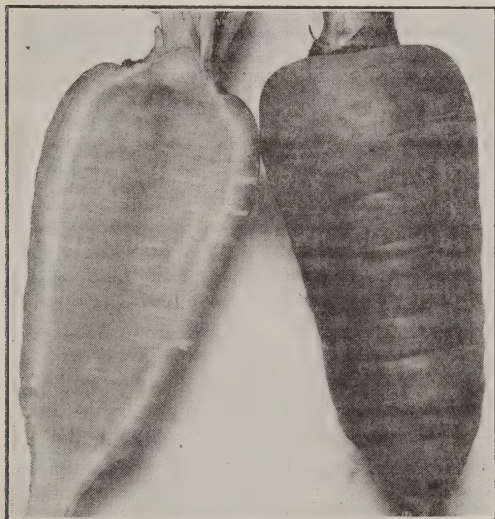
Plantings may be made in early spring or in July and August. Carrots produced by the later plantings are usually allowed to remain in the ground and are dug as wanted. One ounce for 100 feet of row, or 3 to 5 pounds per acre.

DANVER'S ½ LONG (75 days). The best known sort. Roots 6 to 8 inches long, tapering to a blunt point. Flesh deep orange.

IMPERATOR (70 days). A recent introduction grown extensively in the Imperial Valley. Roots smooth, taper slightly from a rounded shoulder down to a semi-blunt tip. Flesh rich orange, practically no core. Recommended to truckers and shippers.

CHANTENAY (70 days). One-half long stump rooted; thick, smooth, deep orange; 6 to 8 inches long.

LONG ORANGE (85 days). Roots 12 inches long, about 3 inches broad. Much grown for stock.



Danver's Half Long Carrot

EGG PLANT

One ounce to 2,000 plants.

NEW YORK IMPROVED (Spineless). Firm, meaty and of excellent quality. Fruit dark purple.

BLACK BEAUTY. Nearly as large as New York Purple. Fruit dark purple.

ENDIVE

One ounce to 100 feet of row.

BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN (Escarolle). Crispness and tenderness makes this Endive unexcelled for salads.

EARLY GREEN CURLED. The leaves finely divided, giving a mossy appearance.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.



Iceberg

LETTUCE

One-half ounce for 100 feet of row.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON (50 days). The most popular of loose leaved varieties. Light green, inner leaves almost white.

GRAND RAPIDS (45 days). The favorite loose leaved forcing lettuce under glass.

IMPROVED HANSON (70 days). One of the most reliable sure heading sorts. Leaves large, broad and slightly crumpled.

BIG BOSTON (70 days). Heads large and compact; leaves broad, almost smooth, but wavy at the edge. Color light green.

NEW YORK HEAD (80 days). A large, late, crisp cabbage heading variety. Heads very firm, hard and well blanched.

PRIZE HEAD (reddish leaves). A crisp, tender, loose leaved, non-heading sort.

ICEBERG (80 days). A sure and hard-heading hot weather variety. Outer leaves light green, curly and finely fringed. Hearts are white, crisp and tender. We recommend Iceberg as one of the most desirable in its class.

MUSTARD

One-half ounce for 100 feet of row;
5 to 6 pounds per acre.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED. The leaves are large, much crumpled and frilled at the edges. Valued on account of its hardness and good quality.

FORDHOOK FANCY. Produces beautiful long slender dark green finely curled leaves, having deeply cut edges. Strong grower and heavy yielder.

LARGE SMOOTH LEAVED. Good, strong growth with thick broad leaves.

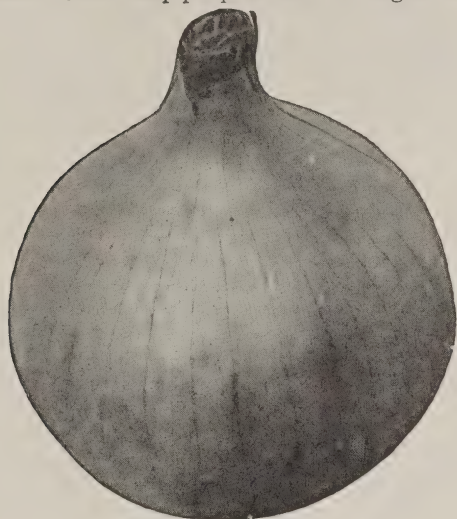
MUSTARD-SPINACH or Tendergreens (see Spinach). Page 12.

ONION

One ounce to 200 feet of row;
5 pounds per acre.

RED WETHERSFIELD (100 days). The large, flat, deep mahogany red bulbs have pinkish white flesh. One of the best types.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE (114 days). The bulbs are globe shaped, with a small neck. Color deep purplish red. Fine grained.



Prizetaker Onion

PRIZETAKER (102 days). One of the largest of the late main crop sorts. Globe shaped; yellowish brown skin; white, tender flesh. Noted for its mild flavor and keeping qualities. Regarded the best in its class.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS (114 days). Globe shaped, small neck. Color deep yellow, flesh white and mild in flavor.

SWEET SPANISH (114 days). The large bulbs with copper colored skin have mild white flesh and are of very delicate flavor.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE (112 days). Flesh is very crisp, fine grained, snow white in color, and exceedingly mild.

WHITE PORTUGAL or SILVERSKIN (102 days). A large flat, white onion of mild flavor. Largely used for bunching.

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX. A half globe sort. Waxy, pure white and of mild flavor. Earliest of the White Bermuda types. Extensively planted in the South.

BERMUDA—YELLOW. Similar to the White, with a straw colored skin and white flesh.

PARSNIP

HOLLOW CROWN. The roots reach a length of 8 to 10 inches. Flesh white, tender and sweet.

PEAS

One pound to 100 feet of row;
40 to 60 pounds per acre.

ALASKA (55 days). Height 2½ feet; pods 2½ inches long. A very early, smooth, blue pea. Popular with canners and truckers.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR (59 days). Vines 12 to 14 inches high. A standard extra early dwarf wrinkled pea, bearing over a long period. Noted for its fine quality.

LITTLE MARVEL (62 days). Vines 18 inches. The pods are somewhat larger than Nott's Excelsior. A fine variety for home garden and is much used for shipping.

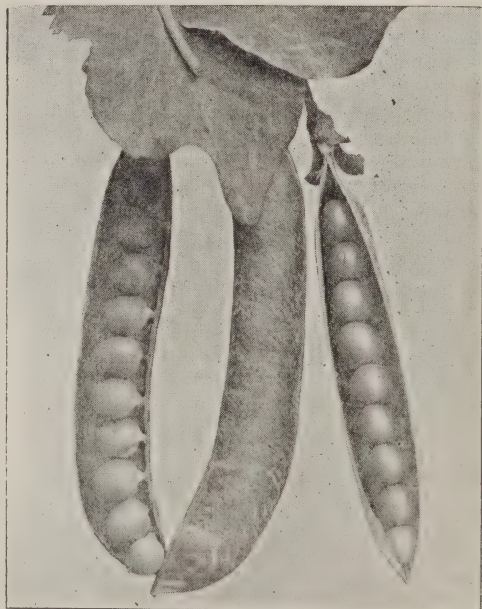
LAXTON'S PROGRESS (62 days). Vines 18 to 22 inches. Pods 4 to 4½ inches long, wide and plump. One of the largest of the dwarf vine peas and of exceptionally fine quality.

DWARF TELEPHONE (70 days). Vines 20 inches. A popular home and market garden variety.

THOS. LAXTON (54 to 60 days). Vines grow 3 feet tall. Pods 4 to 4½ inches long. Seeds large, wrinkled and of superior quality. Probably the most in demand for shipping than any other wrinkled pea. Very desirable for the home garden.

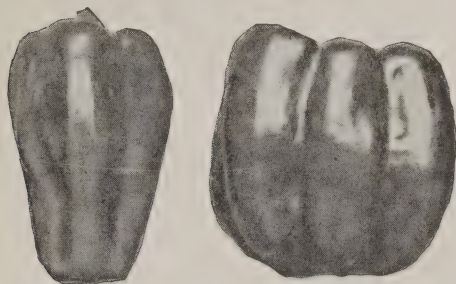
TALL TELEPHONE (74 days). Vines 4 to 4½ feet tall. This is a standard wrinkled pea. One of the best in its class.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT (82 days). Vines 5 feet. While productive the quality is not so good as the wrinkled variety.



Alaska Peas

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.



PEPPER

One ounce to 1,000 plants.

CALIFORNIA WONDER (75 days). A large, thick meated sweet pepper, $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, 4 inches in diameter. Very mild and fine flavored. Considered by many the best of the sweet peppers.

CHINESE GIANT (80 days). One of the largest of the mild varieties. Fruits thick, blocky and square ended.

RUBY KING (60 days). While not so large as the California Wonder it is a very satisfactory sort for the home garden. Flesh sweet, thick and mild.

LARGE BELL or BULL NOSE (60 days). Fruits are 2 inches in diameter, 3 inches long. A standard early variety.

PIMENTO. A very thick fleshed, heart shaped, smooth pepper, much used for salads.

LONG RED CAYENNE (70 days). Has fruit which is long, slender and pungent.

RED CHILI (70 days). Fruit about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and cone shaped; very hot; used for pepper sauce.

PARSLEY

MOSS CURLED. A plant used in flavoring soups and for garnishing.

PUMPKIN

1 oz. will plant 20 hills.

2 to 3 pounds per acre.

LARGE CHEESE. A large, round, flattened pumpkin. Skin cream color, flesh yellow, fine grained. Especially good for pies and canning; also excellent for feeding stock. Grows to a large size.

SWEET or SUGAR. Fruits small, round, flattened at the ends. Flesh and skin deep orange yellow. Fine for pies.

GREEN STRIPED CUSHAW. Crookneck type. Skin mottled green and white; flesh rich yellow, fine grained and fine flavor.

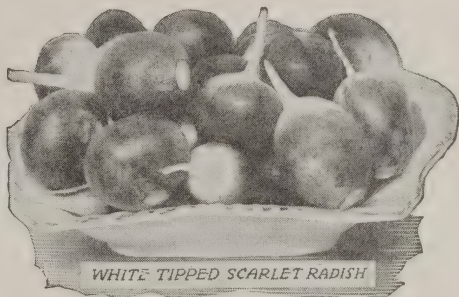
If you are a market gardener and use garden seeds in quantity lots write for our Market Gardener's price list.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.

RADISH

One ounce to 100 feet of row;
10 to 12 pounds to the acre.

SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIPPED (26 days). One of the most popular and early forcing varieties. Extensively grown for shipping.



SCARLET GLOBE, SELECTED (24 days). Noted for its earliness, brilliant scarlet color and quality. One of the best of the forcing varieties which does equally as well out of doors.

FRENCH BREAKFAST (24 days). Of oblong form, rose scarlet, small white tip.

LONG WHITE ICICLE (30 days). Pure white roots. The most popular long white.

EARLY LONG SCARLET (30 days). The standard long scarlet variety.

WINTER VARIETIES

CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE (55 days). Roots 6 to 8 inches long. Flesh pure white. Solid, crisp, and may be used in all stages of growth.

CHINA ROSE (52 days). Roots 6 to 7 inches long. Skin deep rose; flesh pure white, crisp and pungent.

RHUBARB

VICTORIA. An excellent and hardy sort for home garden.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Large field-grown Roots. By mail, postpaid, 25c each; 3 for 60c; per dozen, \$1.75.

SQUASH

Plant 8 to 10 seeds in a hill, thinning to 3 of the strongest plants in each hill. One ounce to 25 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre.

WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. A very early summer variety. Fruit flattened and scalloped with smooth white skin.

YELLOW STRAIGHTNECK. The most used yellow summer squash.

IMPROVED HUBBARD. Green. The standard Hubbard winter squash. Flesh orange yellow, skin dark green.

SPINACH

1 oz. to 100 feet of row; 8 to 10 lbs. broadcast per acre.



Bloomsdale Re-Selected Spinach

BLOOMSDALE, SAVOY LEAVED, RE-SELECTED (40 days). This is the best known and most widely used by shippers, market gardeners and for the home garden. Upright growth; thick, glossy, dark green leaves which are more or less crumpled. Edible in 40 to 55 days from planting. As an autumn sort it has no superior.

BLOOMSDALE, LONG STANDING (45 days). Remains 8 to 14 days longer in table condition than the main crop Bloomsdale, is larger and about 5 days later. Possesses all the good qualities of the Bloomsdale, from which it is a plant selection, but remains longer in shipping condition.

GIANT NOBEL (50 days). An erect, strong growing, long standing sort. Leaves large, usually broad, firm and thick. Light green to yellowish green in color. Smooth, and the largest of any Spinach. Desirable for those who do not favor a Savoy leaf.

NEW ZEALAND (70 days). Although not a true Spinach, the leaves look like spinach. Thrives during the hottest weather. The tender tips may be cut every few days from July until frost. Plant 4 seeds in hills 2 feet apart each way.

MUSTARD-SPINACH OR TENDERGREENS

A new vegetable combining the delicious flavors and healthful qualities of spinach, mustard, and turnip greens. Flourishes in hot weather and is resistant to drought and extreme cold. Plant any time during the year.

SALSIFY

SANDWICH ISLAND. Vegetable Oyster. Strong growing, with long white roots.

TURNIP

One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill; 1 to 2 lbs. per acre; for greens, 4 lbs.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE. The most popular white fleshed turnip. The upper part is purplish red, the lower part white, fine grained and sweet.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF. An early variety. Roots flat, medium size.



Purple Top White Globe Turnip

WHITE EGG. Egg shaped. White skin and flesh. Grows half out of ground. Very sweet and tender.

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE. A large, round, white turnip. Roots often grow to 10 to 12 pounds.

YELLOW GLOBE. A round, smooth, light yellow variety of medium size.

SEVEN TOP. Grown exclusively for tops, which are used for greens. Tops are ready for use in 30 days.

SOUTHERN PRIZE. Splendid foliage turnip which produces an abundance of leaves for greens and forage as well as a large, fleshy, white root.

JAPANESE FOLIAGE or SHOGON. A Japanese variety very popular in the South for turnip greens. Bright green leaves grow upright about 2 feet. Roots semi-globe, pure white, sweet and tender. Produces an enormous yield of foliage; grows upright and is free from insects.

RUTABAGA. American Purple Top. The standard variety for table and stock feeding. The culture is practically the same as for turnips, except the plant should be thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart in the rows.

For Prices Refer to Green List Enclosed.

TOMATO

One ounce will produce 2500 plants.



Marglobe Tomato

Scarlet Fruited Varieties

MARGLOBE (80 days). Color red. Fruits are large, smooth and globular. A very heavy yielder of fine large tomatoes which have a small seed cavity and thick, firm meat. One of the most popular of the wilt resistant varieties.

RUTGERS (80 days). Color scarlet. A new variety of great merit. Fruits are large, similar to Marglobe in shape, except somewhat flatter and equally wilt resistant. Produces a sturdy plant, with thick stem and an abundance of foliage. Ideal canning and juice tomato.

STOKESDALE (70 days). A new extra early scarlet-fruited sort, with remarkably solid interior, ripening from the inside outward. Resembles Marglobe in size and shape but 10 days earlier. Noted for its heavy production, early maturity, and pleasing taste.

BREAK O'DAY (60 days). An early wilt-resistant variety with large, solid, globular scarlet fruit. About ten days earlier than Marglobe, which it resembles. Its main feature is earliness.

EARLIANA (60 days). Color red. Noted for its extreme earliness. Fruits are grown in clusters.

JOHN BAER (65 days). Color red. Fruits are large, round and solid. Similar to Stone, but earlier. One of the very best varieties we list.

NEW STONE (85 days). Color red. An old standard variety and one of the best. Unsurpassed for canning and slicing.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL (65 days). The fruit is nearly round, deep scarlet, early. A good main crop sort.

BEEFSTEAK (90 days). Color red. The largest of the red tomatoes. Flesh very solid and meaty. One of the best table sorts.

Pink Fruited Varieties

MARIHIO, Pink Marglobe (80 days). A fine new pink main crop variety, being same size and shape as Red Marglobe and having its wilt-resistant qualities. One of the most desirable of the pink varieties.

GULF STATE MARKET (70 days). Color purplish pink. Particularly valuable for shipping. Fruits large and uniform size, globe shaped, smooth and firm.

JUNE PINK (60 days). Color purplish pink. Very early. Fruits produced in clusters. A favorite with home gardeners.

PONDEROSA (90 days). Color purple. The largest of the purple fruited varieties. Fruits solid, with few seeds.

OXHEART (90 days). One of the largest of tomatoes. Purple fruit.

DWARF CHAMPION (65 days). Fruit smooth, solid and medium size; color pink.

YELLOW PEAR. Clear yellow color. Esteemed for preserves.

YELLOW PONDEROSA (90 days). Largest of the yellow tomatoes.

TOBACCO

One ounce will sow 50 square yards.

SWEET ORONOCO. The best for sun curing and makes a fine chewing tobacco. Wrappers and fillers.

WHITE BURLEY. Rich, bright leaf; large long and broad.

HAVANA. Used for cigar purposes. Has a fine quality leaf. Very early.

OKRA

One ounce to 50 feet of row;
5 to 8 pounds per acre.

MAMMOTH LONG GREEN. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, producing dark green pods 7 to 8 inches long, ribbed and tapered.

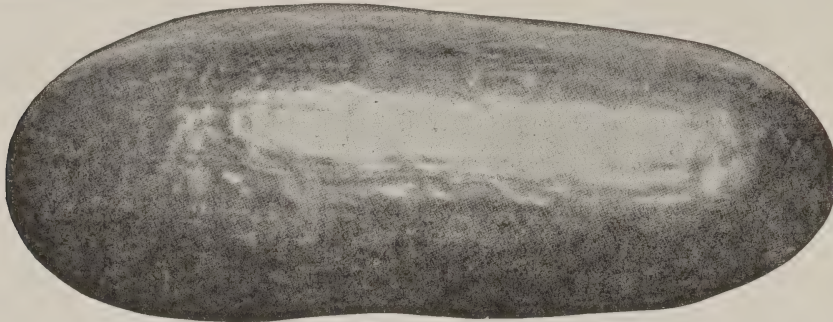
CLEMSON GREEN SPINELESS (55 days). A uniform, dark green, spineless strain of long pod okra. Easily picked without discomfort.

WHITE VELVET. Pods are round, smooth, free from ridges. Greenish white in color. Plants 3½ feet high, pods 6 to 7 inches.

EARLY DWARF PROLIFIC. One of the earliest. Pods short, rather blunt; 4 inches long; deep green. Very productive.

For Prices Refer to Green List Enclosed.

Our Watermelon Seed is especially selected to meet the requirements of the critical growers and is known as "Market Gardener Stock" and not stock termed "Commercial grade" usually sold for less money.



Improved Kleckley's Sweet or Wonder Watermelon

WATERMELON

4 ounces to 100 hills; 2 lbs. per acre.

STONE MOUNTAIN (90 days). A very large, nearly round melon of high quality. The sweet flesh of rich scarlet color with few seeds is covered by a tough, dark rind. Very prolific. It is one of the most popular shipping varieties.

SCHOCHLER. A very large, thick, long, dark green melon; with good culture will produce melons up to 85 pounds. Rind rather thick; flesh bright red, crisp and sweet. One of the best very large melons. A good shipper.

TOM WATSON. For years the outstanding shipping melon and equally popular for the home garden. The dark green melons are large and long, the flesh rich red, juicy and sweet.

SMITH WATSON (Known as Spotted Watson and Cletex). Extremely popular where grown. Flesh is blood red and very firm. Grows to 80 lbs. Rind is tough and thick, color dark green with irregular gray spots giving a marbled effect mixed with dark green color—a good shipper.

DIXIE QUEEN. A new introduction of great merit. A good shipper and a splendid home garden melon. Almost round, weighs about 35 pounds, rind thin and tough, light green color with dark green stripes, flesh rich scarlet and very smooth, seed small and white colored.

If you are a market gardener and use garden seeds in quantity lots write for our Market Gardner's price list.

IMPROVED KLECKLEY'S SWEET (also called Wonder Melon) (90 days). Medium to large size. Rind light pale green with light mottled tracings. Flesh brilliant crimson and of exceptional quality. A home garden melon long regarded as the sweetest of all melons.

HALBERT'S HONEY (85 days). Shape oblong, skin very dark green. Medium early and fairly large. Flesh crimson and very sweet. Somewhat similar to Kleckley's Sweet, but larger.

HOOSIER MOUNTAIN (88 days). A new melon of the Stone Mountain type, often growing to enormous size. Shape round. Flesh bright red and of superior quality. A good shipper.

FLORIDA GIANT (90 days). Largest of the newly introduced varieties. The melons are oval shaped, with blunt ends, rind thin and tough, suitable for long distance shipping. Flesh blood-red, tender and very sweet.

IRISH GRAY (90 days). Weight 30 pounds. A long melon especially recommended for shipping. Rind is light green in color and very tough. Flesh dark pink.

CHILIAN (85 days). Black seeded, size 10 x 9½. Weight 18 pounds. Early, prolific, of superior quality. Color dark green, flesh bright red. Flesh edible to the thin, tough rind. As a shipping melon has become very popular in this market the past season.

GOLDEN HONEY (90 days). Best of the yellow fleshed melons. Oblong shape with dark green rind. Flesh sparkling golden color and deliciously sweet.



VIGORO for LAWNS, FLOWERS, SHRUBS, TREES, VEGETABLES



LEE'S CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

All prices quoted on Flower Seeds include delivery by mail.

AGERATUM. Annual. Dwarf blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

ALYSSUM, SWEET. White. Grows 6 to 8 inches high. The small, white, fragrant flowers are used much in borders and rock gardens. An old favorite. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

ASTERS. Queen of the Market. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

BALSAM (Touch-Me-Not, or Lady Slipper). Annual. Double Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

BALSAM APPLE. Quick growing vine with ornamental foliage. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 50c.

CALIFORNIA POPPY (Eschscholtzia). Double Orange. Annual. A long stemmed plant with many gorgeous flowers of rich orange color. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

CANDYTUFT. Annual. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

CARDINAL CLIMBER. Resembles the Cypress Vine, but larger. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 60c.

CELOSIA or COCKSCOMB. Annual. Celosia Cristata. Compact heads of fiery red. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

CENTAUREA (Bachelor's Button). Called Cornflower, Blue Bottle and Ragged Robin. Double Blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c. Double Pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia). Old fashioned flower for borders. Perennial. Improved long spurred varieties mixed. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 35c.

COSMOS. A tall, graceful, showy annual. Double Crested Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

Dwarf Orange Flare. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 70c.

Early Mammoth Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c.

CYPRESS VINE. Annual. Grow about 15 feet. Scarlet and Mixed. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

DAHLIA. Blooms the first season from seed. Double Mixed. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 70c.

HARDY DIANTHUS. Annual. Lee's Choice Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50c.

DIGITALIS (Fox Glove). Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

FORGET-ME-NOT. Annual Chinese Blue Mixed. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

FOUR O'CLOCK (Marvel of Peru). Annual. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

GAILLARDIA. Hardy, Annual. Picta. Single flowers of the finest shade and colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

GOURDS. Annual. Attractive, curiously shaped, strangely colored fruits. The dense foliage of the gourd vine makes it useful for covering arbors, fences or unsightly places. Small and large fruited varieties mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath) (2 to 3 ft.) Small single flowers on branched stems giving a white lace-like effect. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting or Straw Flower.) Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

HOLLYHOCKS. Perennial. Double Crimson, Double Pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$1.00. Double Mixed Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 90c.

JACK BEAN (Dolichos or Hyacinth Bean). Annual. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

KUDZU VINE (Japanese "Jack and the Bean Stalk"). Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

LARKSPUR (Delphinium). Annual. A well-known favorite, producing attractive flower spikes 3 to 4 ft. tall, which stand upright, close to the center stalk. Well formed, double flowers in a wonderful range of colors.

Giant Imperial Pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 90c.

Giant Imperial Red. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 90c.

Giant Imperial Blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 90c.

Giant Imperial Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 75c.

MOURNING BRIDE (Scabiosa). Annual. Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

MOURNING BRIDE (Scabiosa). Imperial, Giant Blue Moon Double-hardy annual, 3 to 4 ft. tall. Cone-shaped flowers, richly colored. Blooms last about a week when cut. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.00.

MOONFLOWER. Annual. One of the most popular of the climbers. White. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

VIGORO IS IDEAL FOR LAWNS, FLOWERS, SHRUBS, TREES, VEGETABLES!

MARIGOLDS. Annual. Tall Double African Mixed. About 2 feet tall. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 70c. Dwarf, Double French. About 1 foot. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

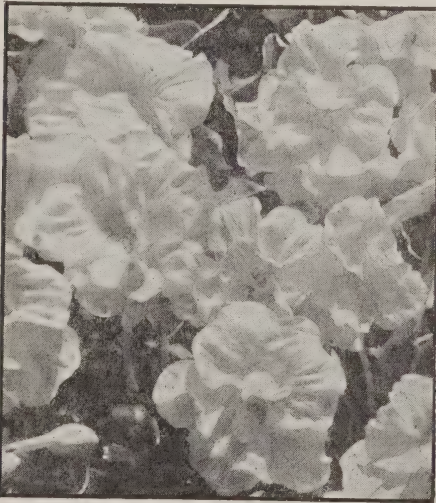
MARIGOLD. Guinea Gold. Carnation-like petals. A distinct type of Marigold of graceful pyramidal habits. The color is a brilliant orange flushed with gold—flowers semi-double. Grows 2 to 2½ feet high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

MARIGOLD. Sunset Giant. The largest of the Marigolds, producing flowers averaging 8 in., plants growing 3½ ft. or more tall; color ranging from deep orange, orange, deep golden yellow, light yellow, lemon yellow, and a new shade of primrose. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

MORNING GLORY. Japanese. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

MORNING GLORY. Heavenly Blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 60c.

MORNING GLORY. Scarlet O'Hara. The blooms measure from three to four inches and are vivid velvety Scarlet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.



Lee's Choice Nasturtium

NASTURTIIUM (Annual)

GOLDEN GLEAM. A new, sweet-scented, double golden yellow Nasturtium.

$\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; 1 oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

GLEAM HYBRIDS MIXED. A new double, sweet-scented Nasturtium, in gorgeously colored, large, well-formed flowers of dazzling beauty.

$\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; 1 oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40.

NASTURTIIUM. One of the most popular and widely planted flowers.

Dwarf Mixed. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., 90c.

Tall Mixed. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., 90c.

POPPIES. Annual. Favorites that bring to the garden vivid and exquisite coloring.

American Legion. Single brilliant scarlet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 70c.

Shirley, Single Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c.

Special Postpaid Offer No. 1

Select any Four 10c Pkts. for 30c.

Select any Seven 10c Pkts. for 50c.

PHLOX-DRUMMONDI. One of the most brilliant and easily grown of all annuals. Large flowering. Thrives in a sunny position and in any kind of good soil. Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c.

PHLOX—Cuspidata Star. Dwarf. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50c.

PORTULACA (Sun Plant) (Moss Plant). A garden gem thriving in sunny situations. Single Mix - Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c. Double Mix-Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 85c.

PANSIES. Lee's Giant Mixed. This mixture contains the best as to size and color. Pkt., 25c.

RICINUS (Castor Bean). Annual. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c.

SALVIA (Splendens). Annual. The large-flowering Scarlet Sage. Grows 3 to 4 feet high. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.00.

SWEET WILLIAM. Perennial. Double Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

SNAPDRAGON (Antirrhinum). A most beautiful bedding plant. Fine for cutting. Seed sown the first week in April will bloom from July until frost. Can be planted either in fall or spring.

Tall Pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c.

Tall Yellow. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c.

Tall Scarlet. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 90c.

Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$1.25.

ROOTONE. A root-forming stimulant when applied to cuttings, seeds, or bulbs. Not a fertilizer. Price: $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Packet, enough for 400 cuttings, 25c, postpaid.



Clean and odorless. For prices refer to page 20.

Spencer Sweet Peas

A new type of Sweet Peas which have become very popular. The flowers are of extraordinary size, usually measuring two inches across, with wavy or frilled-edge petals which, with their rich coloring, have gained for them the name of Orchid-flowering Sweet Peas.

EARLY-FLOWERING SPENCERS

These varieties of Spencer Sweet Peas bloom about a month earlier than the standard Spencer varieties.

EARLY WHITE CHAMPION. One of the best early-flowering white varieties.

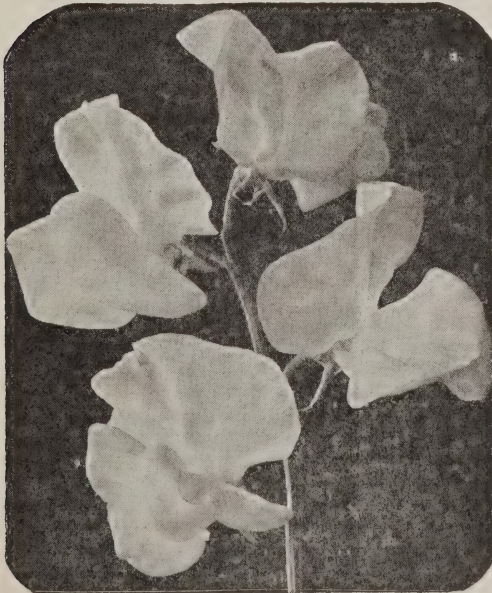
EARLY GIANT ROSE. A magnificent variety with large rose-pink flowers.

EARLY HARMONY. One of the best early, clear lavenders.

EARLY APOLLO. The best early-flowering Salmon Sweet Peas. Beautiful, large, well-waved blooms.

Any of the above named varieties:
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00.

LEE'S EARLY FLOWERING MIXED. A fine mixture of early flowering varieties.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; 1 oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.75.



LEE'S FINEST MIXED SPENCER. A mixture of the finest Spencer sorts. Selected from the best of the named sorts. We have endeavored to make a perfect blend.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

PETUNIAS. One of the most important annual plants, because they bloom uninterruptedly from early summer until frost. Rich in color and easy to grow.

Violacea, Purple. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.

Rose of Heaven, Pure Rose. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.

General Dodd, Blood Red. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.

Finest Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.



Lee's Choice Petunias

PETUNIAS BALCONY OR TRAILING. A large-flowering dwarf type, used for porch boxes and borders. **Finest Mixed.** Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 85c.

TITHONIA SPECIOSA (Mexican Sunflower). (8 ft.) The dazzling orange-scarlet flowers borne on huge bushes with woody stems resembling a single Zinnia. Pkt., 10c. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

VERBENA. This old-time flower is familiar to all. We offer a choice selection of the large flowering strains.

Scarlet Defiance. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.

Mayflower, Pink. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.

Mammoth Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

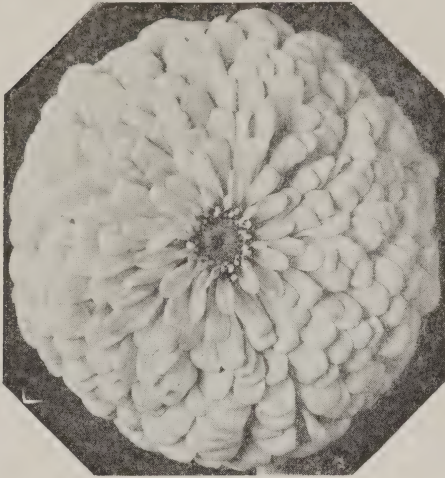
VINCA (Periwinkle). Annual. **Finest Mixed.** A free blooming plant with bright green shiny foliage. Valuable for pot culture or for borders. Grows 1 ft. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$1.00.

Special Postpaid Offer No. 1

Select any Four 10c Pkts. for 30c.

Select any Seven 10c Pkts. for 50c.

Zinnias



Lee's Choice Zinnias

ZINNIAS LILLIPUT. This strain of Zinnias grows about one foot high and bears flowers about one inch in diameter. Very brilliant colors. Lilliput Yellow, Lilliput Rose, Lilliput Crimson. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 60c; oz., \$1.00. Lilliput Finest, Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50c; oz., 85c.

ZINNIAS. Annual. The improved Zinnias make a most brilliant showing the entire season. If grown in a sunny spot in well fertilized soil and watered freely the flowers will be more completely double. We offer in separate colors—Giant Crimson, Giant Rose, Giant White, Giant Orange, Giant Yellow.

Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 70c; 1 oz., \$1.25.

ZINNIA. California Mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50c; 1 oz., 90c.

ZINNIA. Fantasy. A new type of the Zinnia family. The rounded flowers are composed of a mass of shaggy ray-like petals which give a delicate and refined appearance to the medium sized double flowers. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 50c.



Clean and odorless. For prices refer to page 20.

Special Postpaid Offer No. 1

Select any Four 10c Pkts. for 30c.

Select any Seven 10c Pkts. for 50c.

Lee's Flower Shop

FLOWERS from Lee's have a distinctive quality and are noted for their freshness and beauty.

DESIGNING. This department is under the direction of skilled designers whose artistic arrangements will please the most exacting tastes.

FUNERAL FLOWERS in sprays and designs in prices ranging from \$2.00 up to any amount desired.

HOSPITAL and other bouquets artistically arranged to suit every occasion.

POTTED PLANTS. We can always supply, in season, beautiful plants for Easter, Mother's Day, Christmas, etc.

WEDDING FLOWERS AND DECORATIONS given special attention. Planning the arrangements is part of our service.

ORDERS. If you do not live in Fort Smith, your orders either by mail, phone, or wire will receive our careful attention and be dispatched promptly.

Members of the Florist Telegraph Delivery Service. Orders delivered quickly through telegraphic service to any part of the world.

GLADIOLUS BULBS

Gladiolus are grown and admired wherever beautiful flowers are known. Easily grown on any well drained soil. Our No. 1 bulbs are of large size.



All prices quoted on Bulbs include delivery by mail or express.

GIANT NYMPH. Very large, light pink with creamy throat. One of the finest early light pinks. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

EDITH ROBSON. Light salmon-rose with reddish blotch. 10 to 12 large, well placed blooms are open at the one time. Very tall and strong growing. Quite outstanding. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

PICARDY. A most sensational flower of delicate flesh pink. Large blooms and many open at once. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

GOLD EAGLE. Clear deep yellow. The finest of all yellow varieties, stems tall and straight. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

MAID OF ORLEANS. A beautiful pure snow white Gladiolus with large wide open flowers with beautiful round petals. Considered one of the best early white varieties. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

RED PHIPPS. Earliest of all the reds; tinted salmon. A new variety of brilliant red color; opens well and comes in flower very early. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

MINUET. Large light pinkish lavender with ideal spike, one of the best in its color. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 100 for \$3.50.

LEE'S CHOICEST MIXED GLADIOLUS. A wonderful collection, including many of the named varieties. Lee's Mixed Gladiolus will give a wide range of color of wide open flowers, beautifully marked. This mixture is fine for cut-flowers as well as bedding, having been especially selected as to combination and blending of colors. 6 for 30c; 12 for 50c; 50 for \$1.75; 100 for \$3.50.

MY 75c GLADIOLUS COLLECTION Three bulbs each of the seven named varieties. A fine assortment of popular varieties. 21 bulbs in all. 75c postpaid.

MY \$1.25 GLADIOLUS COLLECTION. Five bulbs in each of the seven named varieties. A fine assortment of beautiful Gladiolus. 35 bulbs in all. \$1.25 postpaid.

DAHLIA BULBS

The selection of named Dahlias we offer is very choice and regarded among the best in their class.

JERSEY BEAUTY. Decorative. Without a doubt the best true pink Dahlia on the market today. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

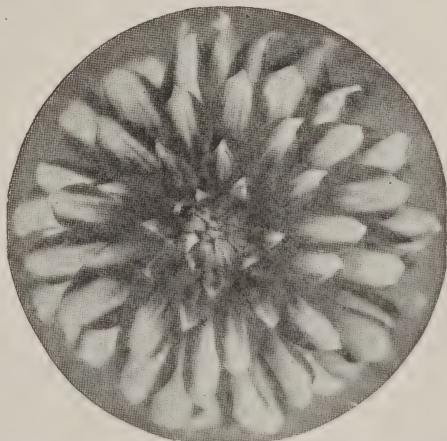
JERSEY BEACON. Decorative. A brilliant, glowing cardinal red; the best red Dahlia. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

BEAUTY SUPREME. Decorative. A beautiful deep lavender pink usually referred to as orchid colored. Truly a beautiful and popular Dahlia. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

KENTUCKY. Decorative. A beautiful salmon pink. A new and very popular Dahlia. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

SAGAMORE. Decorative. A beautiful bronze colored Dahlia of striking appearance. A Dahlia you should have. 25c each; 3 for 70c.

WHITE KING. Decorative. This white Dahlia is one of the best. A very full, deep build flavor with waxy petals. 25c each; 3 for 70c.



SPECIAL OFFER. One bulb each of above 6 fine named varieties for \$1.00, postpaid.

THREE POPULAR CANNAS

THE PRESIDENT. Four feet. A rich glowing scarlet, superior to any other red variety in quality of bloom. 2 roots, 25c; 6 for 40c; 12 for 75c.

CITY OF PORTLAND. Four feet. A beautiful bright pink Canna of the largest size. 2 roots, 25c; 6 for 40c; 12 for 75c.

WYOMING. Five feet. An attractive orange flowered Canna. Bronze foliage. 2 roots, 25c; 6 for 40c; 12 for 75c.



VITAMIN B-1. 100 pellets, \$1.00 postpaid. (postpaid 55c).

TUBEROSE

MEXICAN EVERBLOOMING. A new Tuberose that has become very popular. Large, white, single flowers thickly set on a stalk growing from two to three feet high. The flowers are very fragrant. 6 for 20c; 12 for 40c; 50 for \$1.50; 100 for \$2.75.

PEONIES

Peony bulbs should be planted shallow so tip is just at top of the ground. Plant February or March.

DUCHESSE DE NEMOURS. Ivory white; large, very fragrant; early. 30c each (postpaid 35c).

FELIX CROUSSE. Brilliant, rich, ruby-red; large; fragrant; mid-season. 40c each (Postpaid 45c).

EDULIS SUPERBA. Bright rose-pink; one of the earliest; 30c each (postpaid 35c).

MODESTE GUERIN. Bright deep pink; very fragrant; upright habit. 50c each

Lee's Evergreen Lawn Grass

BERMUDA GRASS (Unhulled). Its great drought-resisting properties and ability to withstand our extreme summer heat makes this the most desirable of all grasses for use in lawns in the South. For lawns, 1 pound to 20x20 feet.

BERMUDA GRASS (Hulled). The advantage in planting the hulled seed is the fact that it will germinate in seven or eight days, while the unhulled seed takes from four to six weeks. Sow for lawns 1 pound to 30x30 feet; 4 pounds per acre.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. This is the basis of all lawns where tame grasses are preferred, and in combination with White Clover forms the finest and smoothest lawns. Especially adapted to shady situations. One pound will sow 10x10 feet.

LEE'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS. This is a mixture of tame grasses for use where Bermuda Grass is not desired, and in shady situations where Bermuda Grass will not grow. One lb. will sow a plot 10x10 feet.

DOMESTIC RYE GRASS. Extensively sown on Bermuda lawns in the fall, grows during the winter months, providing a velvety green lawn. Sow one pound to every 10x10 feet.

RED TOP. A very quick growing grass similar to Blue Grass but of finer texture. Especially adapted to low, wet situations. It should be included in all lawn grass mixtures. Sow one pound to every 10x20 feet.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. A low growing Clover. Very desirable for beautifying the lawn.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.



We Recommend **VIGORO**, the Complete Plant Food



VIGORO. A complete plant food, made by Swift, containing 11 of the elements plants must get from the soil. Economical, clean, odorless and sanitary.

1 pkg. (24 Tablets)	\$.10
1-lb. pkg.\$.10
5-lb. pkg.45
10-lb. pkg.85
25-lb. bag 1.50
50-lb. bag 2.50
100-lb. bag 4.00

Prices named are not prepaid.

Lee's Dependable Grass-Clover Seeds

CLOVERS

ALFALFA. The most valuable of all cultivated forage crops and soil builder. There is nothing that makes better hay than alfalfa, and stock are extremely fond of it. It develops a strong root system, which increases the humus content and opens up the soil, thus improving the soil by adding large quantities of nitrogen from the air. Alfalfa can be cut at any time from start of bloom stage to the time the plants are in full bloom. Sow broadcast at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds to the acre.

RED CLOVER (Medium Red). Adapted to limestone soils. Fine for pasturage in combination with other clovers and grasses. Sow at the rate of 8 to 12 pounds per acre.

SWEET CLOVER (White Blossom). A biennial variety of clover, while young resembles alfalfa, grows to a height of 4 to 6 feet. As a land builder it has few equals. Adds humus and nitrogen to the soil when plowed under. Valuable for pasture and forage. Sow in fall or spring at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds per acre.

SWEET CLOVER (Yellow Blossom). Similar in many respects to the White Blossom Sweet Clover listed above, but it is an annual. Will re-seed itself if cut when seeds start maturing. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall. Sow 12 to 15 pounds per acre.

ALSIKE. Adapted to damp, moist, loamy soils. In growth and habit resembles alfalfa. Valuable for either hay or pasture and equal to Red Clover in food value. Frequently sown with Red Top and Timothy, producing a very fine quality of hay. Sow at the rate of 5 to 6 pounds per acre.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. Creeping in habit, is largely used on lawns and in pasture mixture. Much relished by stock, and high in protein. Sow at the rate of 5 to 8 pounds per acre; 1 to 2 pounds in mixtures.

HOP CLOVER (Yellow Blossom). An annual. Grows about 6 to 8 inches high. Growing season from early spring to mid-summer. Especially valuable when sown very early with Japan Clover on Bermuda sod or with any grasses for pasture. Similar to Lespedeza, but more upright, and has a yellow blossom. Very early and fast-growing. Sow 5 to 7 lbs. alone or 2 lbs. in mixture.

GIANT BUR CLOVER (In the Bur). A new type that attains a height of 5 feet and is 3 weeks earlier than the common bur clover. Does best on sandy loam. Planted principally for soil building and grazing and works exceedingly well with Bermuda Grass pastures. Plant in fall at the rate of 20 to 30 lbs. per acre.

LESPEDEZA, KOREAN. Earliest of the annual Lespedezas; best adapted to rich woodlands or low rich lands that carry considerable moisture. It begins flowering in July and ripens in September. Sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre broadcast alone or on grain crops. It is not necessary to cover.

LESPEDEZA, KOBE. This is a deep-rooting, rather tall growing variety, having many leaves. On account of its root system and strong growth it withstands the drought better than the Korean. Especially adapted to uplands. Usually grows from 2 to 2½ feet tall. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. per acre broadcast alone, or on grain crops.

LESPEDEZA, SERICEA. (Perennial). A new type which comes back each spring from crowns, like alfalfa. Has enormous root system penetrating often four feet in the soil. In planting, the seed bed should be thoroughly prepared. It requires about 3 years before Sericea attains its normal stand. For hay sow 15 to 20 lbs. per acre.

CRIMSON CLOVER. An annual winter soil-building crop and a quick grazing crop. Makes excellent quality hay if cut before maturity. However, it is more often pastured in winter and plowed under as a green manure crop in the spring. This three-purpose clover—Hay, Pasture, and Manure crop—is very fast coming into popularity, and should be given a good trial. Sow 15 to 20 lbs. per acre, from August 15 to Nov. 1.

INOCULATE ALL LEGUME SEEDS WITH

NITRAGIN

1898—FORTY-FIVE YEARS OF SERVICE—1943

When ordering, Always state name of seed.

<p>ALFALFA Swt., Bur, Hubam Clovers</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Size</th> <th style="text-align: right;">Retail</th> </tr> <tr> <td>½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1.00</td> </tr> </table> <p>CLOVERS Medium and Mammoth Red, Alsike, Crimson and White Clovers</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1.00</td> </tr> </table> <p>PEAS (All Varieties) VETCHES (All Varieties)</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1⅓ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3.50</td> </tr> </table>	Size	Retail	½ bu. each...	.30	1 bu. each...	.50	2½ bu. each...	1.00	½ bu. each...	.30	1 bu. each...	.50	2½ bu. each...	1.00	½ bu. each...	.25	1 bu. each...	.35	1⅓ bu. each...	.50	12½ bu. each...	3.50	<p>BEANS String, Wax, Kidney</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Size</th> <th style="text-align: right;">Retail</th> </tr> <tr> <td>½ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1⅓ bu. each...</td> <td style="text-align: right;">.50</td> </tr> </table> <p>LESPEDEZA</p> <p>Small (Inoculates up to 50 lbs. seed)...\$.35 Large (Inoculates up to 100 lbs. seed)... .50</p> <p>SOYBEANS, LIMA BEANS, COW PEAS, PEANUTS</p> <p>Small, (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed) \$.30 5 bu. each..... .55 25 bu. each..... 2.50 (One can) 30 bu. each..... 3.25 (6-5 bu. cans)</p> <p>GARDEN SIZE — Garden Peas and Beans Sweet Peas and Lupines Enough for 6 lbs. seed — Retail Price 10c each</p>	Size	Retail	½ bu. each...	.25	1 bu. each...	.35	1⅓ bu. each...	.50
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GRASS SEED

BERMUDA GRASS (unhulled). Its great drought-resisting properties and ability to withstand our extreme summer heat makes this the **most desirable of all grasses for use in lawns in the South.** Equally as valuable as a pasture grass and more extensively used than any other. Sow at the rate of 6 pounds per acre. For lawns, 1 pound to 20x20 feet.

BERMUDA GRASS (Hulled). The advantage in planting the hulled seed is the fact that it will germinate in seven or eight days, while the unhulled seed takes from four to six weeks. Growers to whom we have sold the hulled seed the past season find the quick-growth has an advantage over the unhulled seed in obtaining a quick permanent stand. Sow for lawns 1 pound to 30x30 feet; 4 pounds per acre.

RED TOP. Especially adapted to our climate and the best of all grasses for low, wet, seepy lands. Makes a fine quality of hay and excellent pasturage. On good soil it grows about 2 feet high. Should be included in all permanent pasture mixtures. Sow about 10 pounds per acre. Extra fancy recleaned, solid seed.

TIMOTHY. A perennial lasting 3 to 5 years. One of the hardiest grasses grown, very productive and nutritious. Best adapted to limestone soils and in combination with Red Clover makes the finest of hay. Sow in spring or fall 15 pounds alone or 10 pounds Timothy, 4 pounds Red Clover per acre.

ORCHARD GRASS. Perennial. The most valuable of all grasses for hay or pasture in sections where it is adapted. Best suited to land that will grow Red Clover or Timothy. Yields large crops of excellent and nutritious hay as well as having special value as a pasture grass. Sow in spring or fall in the South. Sow 28 lbs. per acre.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. This is the basis of all lawns where tame grasses are preferred, and in combination with White Clover forms the finest and smoothest lawns. Especially adapted to shady situations. One lb. will sow 10x10 feet.

LEE'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS. This is a mixture of tame grasses, for use where Bermuda Grass is not desired, and in shady situations where Bermuda Grass will not grow. Produces a permanent, thick, velvety green lawn the year around when the season is not too hot. One lb. will sow 10x10 feet.

Price Change. Write for latest price list when ready to buy Field Seeds.

DOMESTIC RYE GRASS. Other than Bermuda Grass this is the most valuable grass we offer. Produces an abundance of foliage that remains bright and green throughout the winter months. Will bear frequent and close cropping. Is relished by all kinds of stock and is not easily injured by trampling. Can be sown on Bermuda meadows in fall producing green pasturage until late spring. If sown separately a permanent meadow of about eight (8) months duration may be obtained if stock is removed about June 1st, allowing it to reseed. Makes a better growth than most grasses on land of low fertility. Drainage is desirable but it has the reputation as a wet land grass. Sow on Bermuda meadows at the rate of 10 to 20 lbs. per acre. If sown alone 25 to 35 lbs. per acre.

JOHNSON GRASS. Recognized as one of the most valuable hay and forage plants where its growth can be controlled. Sow 25 pounds per acre.



For vegetable and flower seeds, bulbs, roots, corns, and tubers. Effective in controlling damping-off of seedlings and cuttings.

Prices named are F.O.B. Fort Smith.

SEMESAN. For Flower and Vegetable Seeds. 1 oz. treats 15 pounds. 1/3 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 40c; 1 lb. \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.40.

SEMESAN JR. For Corn. Use 1 1/2 oz. per bushel. 1 1/2 oz., 15c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lb. \$3.00; 6 1/4 lbs., \$3.75; 25 lbs., \$12.50.

SEMESAN BEL. Apply to whole or cut seed potatoes, either as a dry powder or as a liquid dip. One pound treats 60 to 80 bushels. 2 oz., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$7.15. 2% **CERESAN.** A dust disinfectant for cotton, millets, peas, sorghums. Three ounces treat 1 bushel of cotton seed. 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.30; 25 lbs., \$14.50.

NEW IMPROVED CERESAN. A dust disinfectant for wheat, oats, and barley. 1 pound treats 12 bushels. 4 oz., 30c; 1 lb. 80c; 4 lbs., \$2.70; 5 lbs., \$3.40; 25 lbs., \$15.00.

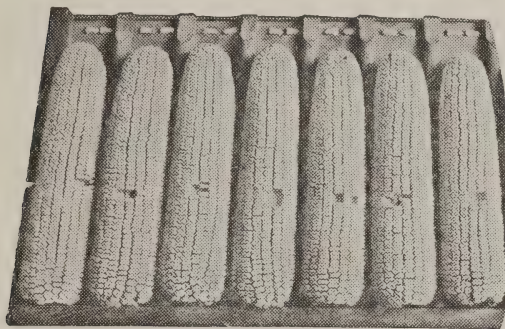


INOCULATE YOUR LEGUMES WITH NITRAGIN.
Refer to page 21 for prices.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.

Seed Corn

We do not offer what is usually termed Commercial Grade Seed Corn. All corn offered is carefully selected as to type, hand tipped and butted and tested for germination. While the hand-selected corn costs slightly more, it is well worth the difference.



NATIVE GROWN CORN

Generally considered to be the best medium or late corn for this locality.

LEE'S IMPROVED ST. CHARLES WHITE (110 days). Known throughout the South as a standard red cob corn. Has a large deep white grain set on a large red cob. Ears remarkably large. Especially adapted to bottom lands.

LEE'S BIG YELLOW DENT (110 days). A standard late heavy-land corn. Cob is long, red and medium small. Kernel long, deep yellow, rather soft. A very heavy yielding variety.

IOWA SILVER MINE (90 days). We offer a limited quantity of this excellent native-grown corn. Does exceptionally well on medium or heavy soils.

REID'S YELLOW DENT (90 days). This fine Early Corn is adapted to both upland and bottom land. Grains are deep and closely packed. Our largest selling variety of corn and one of the best of the Yellow Dent varieties.

PAYMASTER (110 days). An extra large, long, deep grained white corn with red cob, especially adapted to bottom land.

HICKORY KING (110 days). Has the smallest cob of any corn grown. Very resistant to drought. Produces a large, flat, white grain.

LEE'S DWARF MEXICAN JUNE (White). A late planting variety introduced by us about thirty years ago from Mexico. Noted for its drought resistant properties.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE (70 Day White). The most valuable extra early corn we have ever offered. Produces an ear 9 to 11 inches long, usually two to three ears to the stalk. Not only will it produce a crop equal to most of the larger varieties, it rarely misses maturing a crop before the drought sets in. The corn we offer is Northern grown, which will mature earlier than our native-grown.

HYBRID SEED CORN

Increased yields are what every farmer wants and that is exactly what hybrid corn helps him get. Hybrids have a heavy root system to resist drought and offer greater resistance to insects. Have sturdy stalks that resist wind and storms and are resistant to cold wet weather and hot winds. It has been proved beyond a doubt by tests made at the University of Arkansas that hybrid corns out-yield most open-pollinated varieties. Hybrids are no longer in the experimental stage and each year more and more corn growers are planting a large portion of their acreage to one or more proved strains. The yield the past year has been quite satisfactory. The ability of hybrid corn to withstand severe droughts has been thoroughly tested, and it is the opinion of corn growers that this is one of the big assets of hybrid corns, proven by experiments and trials over a number of years by nearly all state experiment stations.

We offer Funk's Hybrid Corn grown in Missouri under their supervision. Also, 1001 Hybrid. This is a soft corn fully described in this column.

FUNK'S HYBRID G-244. An early maturing, yellow, two-eared hybrid. Medium tall, excellent grain quality and resistant to drought and insects. An excellent hybrid for general use on both upland and bottom soils.

FUNK'S HYBRID G-46. Medium to full season. Later than G-244 and recommended for bottom lands. The long, single ears turn out big yields.

1001 HYBRID CORN. Developed by one of America's foremost corn breeders, is a main crop, late-maturing, yellow-grain, white cob variety, doing its finest in fertile soil under favorable conditions, or unfavorable when the going is tough. A large, tall, full-season corn, with high shelling percentage, not hard. Resistant to drought and chinch bugs, shucks easily. This is the variety of Hybrid Corn that we have been looking for since the Hybrid Corns have been introduced, suitable for feeding mules and preferable to any variety of Hybrid Corn we know of for this purpose.

Write for quantity prices on field seeds and I will quote you lowest prices and give you freight or express rates to your station.

FORAGE CROPS

SUDAN GRASS—The Best Annual Hay Crop. Sudan Grass is a slender, fine stemmed, leafy plant similar to sorghum. It will grow anywhere that corn will. Of all the hay crops planted, it is the best and surest and the easiest to handle. It can be planted in the South any time after April first. If sown in drills it requires five pounds per acre; if sown broadcast, 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

OATS (Ferguson 922). An improved strain of the rust-proof varieties, but more prolific, rust-resistant, stands winter killing. Over a period of nine years, it tops the list in yield in the Rice Branch Experiment Station tests. The seed we offer is of the very highest quality and strictly seed stock, is double re-cleaned and weighs from 36 to 38 lbs. per bushel—of high germination and free from noxious seeds.

MILLET

MILLET (Lee's Golden). This is the big-headed type, a variety we have specialized in for many years. Unlike the Western Millet, it grows much larger and produces a larger crop of nutritious hay. Should be cut when coming to flower. It makes a crop in about 60 days and can be sown as late as July. Sow broadcast at the rate of 35 to 50 lbs. per acre.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE. A cheaply grown pasturage for sheep, hogs, cattle and poultry. Plants resemble kale but grow much larger leaf. Like kale, it stands a great amount of cold weather. Will attain its growth in about six to eight weeks. Can be planted either in spring or fall at the rate of 6 to 8 pounds per acre, broadcast.

BARLEY (Winter Beardless). A hardy variety of Barley developed in the South, adapted to fall planting for winter and spring grazing. As a winter pasture it has few equals. Has a very high nutritious feeding value, tender and much relished by all kinds of stock. As a milk producer it ranks high. The grain in feeding value is equal to corn. Sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre.

BUCKWHEAT. Sown largely for bees. The blooms produce excellent honey. Sow 15 to 20 pounds per acre.

RYE (Common). An old standard variety of rather slow growth and of creeping habit. Much in demand. Sow 1 bushel per acre.

RYE (Balboa). Rapid, upright habit of growth. Similar to Abruzzi, but more winter-hardy and of much quicker growth. Sow one bushel per acre.

CANE FOR FODDER

SACCHARINE TYPES FOR FORAGE

EARLY ORANGE CANE. About ten days later than Early Amber but makes a taller, larger and more leafy growth. Preferred by many growers on account of containing more sweetness in the stalk than most varieties.

TEXAS SEEDED RIBBON CANE. Grows 10 to 12 feet tall, with an abundance of fodder, producing heavy tonnage per acre and the best cane for silage. We do not offer this seed for syrup purposes.

NON-SACCHARINE TYPES FOR FORAGE

HEGARI. The popularity of this valuable grain as a grain and forage sorghum is fast taking the place of all other non-saccharine sorghums. It compares favorably with Red Top and Amber Cane. Its saccharine content is high, and it is very palatable to stock. The uniform and upright seed-heads of white grain do not shatter. It is drought resistant and in short seasons is a sure feed crop. Plant 6 to 8 pounds per acre.

ATLAS SORGO. A nutritious grain fodder crop. A cross between Atlas and Sweet Sorghum. Grown largely for silage, being an enormous producer, frequently making 15 to 20 tons per acre and growing 12 feet tall. Being a hybrid, requiring extra care in producing seed. We offer only state certified stock. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. per acre.

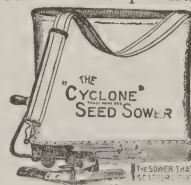
FETERITA. An excellent drought resistant forage crop. Similar to Kafir Corn but grows taller, producing larger heads.

KAFIR CORN (white seeded). Valuable for dry-land farming, producing seed in great abundance and fattening as corn.

MILO MAIZE (yellow). A specie of Kafir Corn, and planted, cultivated and harvested in the same manner.

DARSO. A new grain sorghum with a low-growing, sweet, juicy stem with 12 to 13 per cent sugar in the juice. Sow 10 pounds per acre in drills.

GROHOMA. A fine medium maturing grain sorghum crop that is drought resisting. Plant in rows and cultivate like corn or cotton. Five pounds plants an acre.

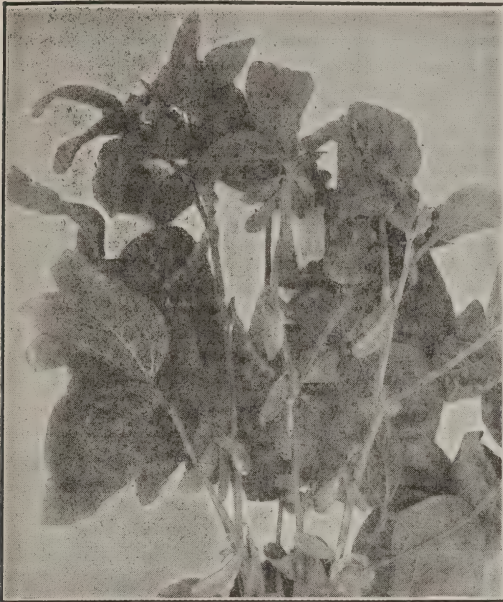


Cyclone Seed Sower

Will sow many acres per hour, any amount per acre. Saves labor and seed. Every planter should have one. Each, \$3.00, postpaid.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.

LEGUME CROPS



SOY BEANS

SOY BEANS (White or Yellow Biloxi). (150 to 165 days). Has the good qualities of the chocolate Biloxi but heavier grain and hay yielder. The nearest non-shattering white bean. One of the best for crushing, being very high in protein and oil contents. In drills it requires three pecks per acre, in 38-inch rows. Planted in corn a bushel will plant six to seven acres. Broadcast for hay, one to one and one-half bushels per acre.

SOY BEANS (Macoupin). (110 to 115 days) The earliest maturing yellow bean ever to be grown in the South. In Arkansas last year the harvest started the fourth week in August, and was completed in early September. This is an ideal variety to plant when you want to follow up with winter grain crops on the same land. The non-shattering quality of this bean is equal to any of our early yellow Soy Beans, and the oil content higher.

SOY BEANS (Laredo). (120 to 130 days). One of the best hay varieties, producing hay of fine quality—can be planted earlier than any other Soy Bean. Seeds small and black. When planting for seed one bushel of Laredos plant three acres in 38-inch rows. When planting for hay, three to five pecks per acre should be planted broadcast, depending on the richness of the soil.

SOY BEANS (Arksoy). (135 days). The best medium-early variety for crushing purposes, with a very high oil content. A heavy producer. Erect in growth, making them easy to combine. A good hay bean and a fine soil builder. Color yellow.

MUNG BEANS. Grow on upright bushes from 2 to 4 feet high and mature in 70 to 90 days. They have very heavy foliage, fine leaves and finer stems than any soy beans. The hay cures quickly and may be threshed in 2 to 4 days after cutting, and it retains all the leaves. The hay is regarded as equal to alfalfa and readily eaten by all livestock. Harvest when majority of pods turn black. Mung beans are a great soil builder when properly inoculated. Sow 5 lbs. per acre in drills.

VETCH, HAIRY OR WINTER. A Nitrogen gatherer and soil improver. One of our best winter legumes and green manure crops. So resistant to cold, adapted to a wide range of soils and can be made to reseed itself. For grazing or cover crops sow 10 to 20 pounds per acre with any of the fall grains. For soil improvement and when seeded alone sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre. For spring planting in combination with oats, sow at the rate of 10 pounds per acre.

SEED PEANUTS

CULTURE. Plant in May or early in June in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, dropping two kernels to the hill, hills about one foot apart. Cover one to two inches deep. 25 to 30 lbs. of unhulled peanuts will plant an acre. Crack or break the hull before planting.

SPANISH PEANUTS. While not as large as other varieties they will produce more peanuts and hay than any other variety and are the most commonly grown.

TENNESSEE RED PEANUTS. Similar to Spanish in the way the nuts are closely packed in the pod, but the pods are longer, usually containing 3 nuts and sometimes four; a very productive variety.

COW PEAS

WHIPPOORWILL. More largely grown than any other Cow Pea, probably because of its long vines, usually about six feet.

LARGE BLACK EYE. The Black Eye Stock Peas commonly grown in this vicinity are used mostly for cooking.

LADY PEAS. A fine small, white table pea of excellent flavor. Much in demand.

WHITE SUGAR CROWDER. An early-maturing table pea of excellent flavor. Medium size white pea with pronounced flattened end. Their rich sugar flavor makes them a great favorite.

BROWN SUGAR CROWDER. Considered by many to be the best eating table pea.

For Prices Refer To Green List Enclosed.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

Due to the fact that materials used in the manufacturing of insecticides are now being required by the government, prices named on this page are subject to change without notice. Write for quantity prices.

SCALECIDE. A dormant spray, dilutes 1 gallon to 15 gallons of water on fruit or shade trees that drop their foliage in winter, after the leaves drop in the fall until they start out in the spring—provided it is not colder than 40 degrees. For Evergreens dilute 1 to 20. 1 Qt., 78c; 1 Gal., \$1.85; 5 Gal., \$6.79; 15 Gal., \$16.31. Not prepaid.

SULFOCIDE. A concentrated liquid sulphur fungicide. Used as a summer spray. Controls scab, brown rot, etc., in orchard or mildew, black spot, blight, etc., in the garden. Non-poisonous. Dilutes 1 gallon to 200 gallons in water. 1 Pt., 63c; 1 Qt., \$1.04; 1 Gal. \$2.64; 5 Gal., \$8.88. Not prepaid.

DOW SPECIAL POTATO SPRAY. A fungicide and insecticide recommended for use on potatoes and vegetables. Kills bugs, assists in controlling blight and repels leaf hopper. Directions: Potatoes, 3 lbs. to 50 gallons water, 8 level tablespoonsful to one gallon water. Other vegetables, 1 lb. to 50 gallons water, 2 level tablespoonsful to 1 gallon. 1 lb. can, 30c; 3 lb. bag, 60c. Not prepaid.

ROTENONE DUST. Forty times more powerful than Arsenate of Lead as a stomach poison, and fifteen times more effective than Nicotine, yet harmless to humans and animals. Does not contain Lead or Arsenic. On edible crops the standard grade of No. 75 (% of 1% rotenone) dust gives perfect control of cabbage worm, cucumber beetle, and most bothersome insects. Price: 1 lb. carton, 35c; 5-lb. bag, \$1.15; 25-lb. bag, \$4.00. Not prepaid.

ARSENATE OF LEAD. One of the best known and most extensively used poisons for all leaf-eating insects. Use 1 to 2 pounds to 50 gallons of water (2 to 3 level tablespoonsful to a gallon) for general spraying. 1 lb., 35c; 4-lb. bags, 75c, not prepaid.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE. For blight, mildew, rust and fungus diseases. For ordinary use takes 6 lbs. to 50 gallons of water, or 15 level tablespoonsful to 1 gallon of water. Per lb., 35c; 4-lb. bag, 80c, not prepaid.

DRY LIME-SULPHUR (Powder). For dormant spraying of fruit and shade trees against San Jose and oyster-shell scale, peach-leaf curl and brown rot of peaches. For dormant spraying use 12 to 15 pounds to 50 gallons of water; 9 to 12 level tablespoonsful to 1 gallon of water. For summer spraying use 3 to 4 pounds to 50 gallons of water; 2 level tablespoonsful to 1 gallon of water. Price: 1-lb. can, 40c; 5-lb. can, \$1.40; 12½-lb. bags, \$1.85, not prepaid.

DERRIS MIXTURE (Rotenone and Sulphur Mixture). For controlling Mexican bean beetle, potato bugs, tomato and cabbage worms and bugs, plant lice, etc. Contains no arsenic or other dangerous poisons. 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$3.25; 50 lbs., 6.00; 100 lbs., \$11.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00.

PARADICHLORBENZENE. For peach tree borers. Tests show approximately 95 per cent control. If interested write for further information. 1 lb., 60c; postpaid: 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.30, not postpaid.

SLUG SHOT. A non-poisonous powder. Destroys potato bugs, beetles, slugs, etc. Very effective for cabbage lice and worms. Postpaid: 1 lb. carton, with sifter top, 40c. Not postpaid: 1 lb. carton, 30c; 5 lbs., 75c.

HAMMOND'S GRAPE AND ROSE DUST. Controls fungus diseases such as black spot on roses, powdery mildew and rusts on asters, snap-dragons, etc. Price: 1-lb. can, 45c; postpaid: 1-lb. can, 35c.

DUSTING SULPHUR. Recommended to control mildew, leaf spot, black spot and rust on rosebushes, chrysanthemums, etc. 1-lb. can, 35c; 4-lb. bag, 60c, not postpaid. Postpaid: 1-lb. can, 50c.

RED ARROW GARDEN SPRAY. For chewing and sucking insects. A non-poisonous pyrethrum and rotenone spray for killing practically all insects on vegetables and flower plants. Will not burn or stain the tenderest foliage. 1 oz. makes 4 to 8 gallons, or 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls make 1 gallon of spraying solution. 1 oz., 35c; 4 oz. glass, \$1.00; 1 pt., \$2.85; 1 qt., \$5.00; not postpaid. Postpaid: 1 oz., 45c; 4 oz. glass, \$1.15.

BLACK LEAF 40. A concentrated solution of nicotine sulphate. Mixes readily with water; does not injure foliage. Destroys aphids, thrips, etc. Price: 1 oz. bottle, 35c; 5 oz. bottle, \$1.05; 1-lb. bottle, \$2.50; 2-lb. tin, \$3.70; 5-lb. tin, 6.90. Not prepaid.

HAMMOND'S WEED KILLER. Weeds, poison ivy, and all vegetation easily destroyed. Will stand dilution with 40 parts of water. Quart cans, 50c; gallon cans, \$1.50; 5 gallon cans, \$6.25; not postpaid.

ALUMINUM SULPHATE. For creating acid condition in the soil. A space 10x10 requires one pound. Price: 1 lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 60c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; not prepaid.

From _____

P. O. _____

State _____

Arthur G. Lee

Seedsman and Florist

Fort Smith,

Arkansas

SCALECIDE for PEACH BORERS

THE PARA-SCALECIDE METHOD

PARA-SCALECIDE is a combination of paradichlorbenzene and Scalecide for the control of peach borers. The Para-Scalecide method is both safer and cheaper than the crystal method. **Directions:** Dilute each gallon in 7 gallons of water and spray or pour on the base of the trees 4 to 6 inches above the ground, allowing it to run down in the ground and promptly mound the earth about it to hold the fumes. No further attention to the mound is necessary, nor is it necessary to smooth the ground before application. Amount of dilute material generally applied per tree is:

½ pint on one to two year old trees. 1 pint on three to four year old trees. 1½ pints on older trees. 1 gallon is sufficient to treat 40 to 50 full-grown peach trees. Apply during the early Fall months as paradichlorbenzene is inactive at temperatures colder than 60°, or in the Spring after the soil has warmed to 60° or more. Prices quoted are F.O.B. Fort Smith:

1 Qt. can, 88c; 1 Gal. can, \$2.30; 5 Gal. can, \$7.48; 15 Gal. drum, \$18.21. Not prepaid. We will be pleased to give further information on request.

HOTKAPS—An Individual Hothouse for Every Plant!



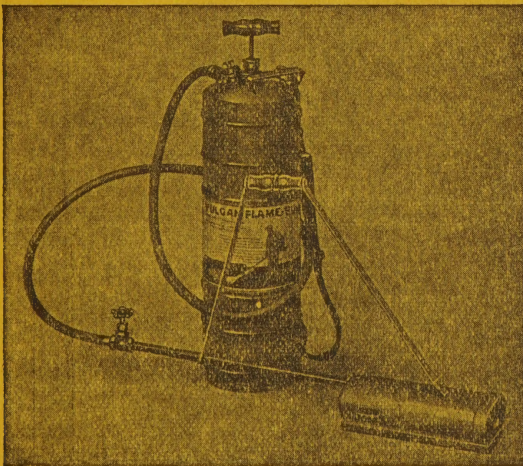
Prices are F. O. B. Fort Smith.

1,000 to carton	\$11.00 per M.
5,000	@ 10.75 per M.
10,000	@ 10.50 per M.
25,000	@ 10.25 per M.
25 with Paper Setter, wt. 2 lbs.	\$.50
100, with Garden Setter, wt. 5 lbs.	1.95
250, with Garden Setter, wt. 9 lbs.	3.50
Steel Setter	1.35
Garden Setter	.15

Full directions with each package.

HAUCK FLAME GUNS

Quickly and easily destroys weeds, brush, grass, ivy, tree stumps. There are so many uses in which these flame Guns can be used, we cannot enumerate them in our limited space. Guns are powerful and wind-proof; burn kerosene, range oil, stove oil, or light furnace oil. Used to advantage on drainage ditches, fence rows, will do the work of 4 men. If interested we will be pleased to mail you complete information.



THE VULCAN. Price \$16.00

THE VULCAN JR. (2 Gallon capacity.) For limited requirements this convenient low-priced model does a splendid job. Flat flame spreads 4" wide, by 10" long. Price \$12.70

THE VULCAN. (4 Gallon capacity.) A low cost all-purpose unit. Flat flame spreads 6" wide by 26" long. Price \$16.00

THE VULCAN GLIDER. (4 Gallon capacity. Same as above, but on runners. Price \$17.00

THE GIANT GLIDER. (5 Gallon capacity.) A heavy duty general purpose burner. Flame spreads 10" wide by 26" long. Price \$32.50



SIGNAL DUSTER. Handles all insecticides in powder form very efficiently. 35c; Postpaid 45c.

== FORTY-FIFTH YEAR ==

Lee's Dependable Seeds



LANDRETH'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD BEANS

Fort Smith is located in one of the largest bean-producing sections of the Middle West. Landreth's Stringless is the best bean for all uses and our hand-picked, high-bred stocks produce profitable crops.

ARTHUR G. LEE

SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST

Fort Smith, Arkansas